

数と式 2 整式の加法と減法および乗法

指数法則

$a^m a^n = a^{m+n}$ であることを具体的に確かめてみよう。

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 a^3 &= a^2 \times a^3 \\ &= (a \times a) \times (a \times a \times a) \\ &= a \times a \times a \times a \times a \\ &= a^5 \end{aligned}$$

$(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$ であることを具体的に確かめてみよう。

$$\begin{aligned} (a^2)^3 &= a^2 \times a^2 \times a^2 \\ &= (a \times a) \times (a \times a) \times (a \times a) \\ &= a \times a \times a \times a \times a \times a \\ &= a^6 \end{aligned}$$

$(ab)^n = a^n b^n$ であることを具体的に確かめてみよう。

$$\begin{aligned} (ab)^3 &= ab \times ab \times ab \\ &= (a \times b) \times (a \times b) \times (a \times b) \\ &= a \times b \times a \times b \times a \times b \\ &= a \times a \times a \times b \times b \times b \\ &= (a \times a \times a) \times (b \times b \times b) \\ &= a^3 \times b^3 \\ &= a^3 b^3 \end{aligned}$$

展開の公式

$(a+b+c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2ab + 2bc + 2ca$ を表を利用して覚えよう。

$(a+b+c)^2 = (a+b+c) \times (a+b+c)$ とし、

さらにそれぞれの $a+b+c$ を単項式 $a, +b, +c$ に分解し、各単項式の掛け算をする(下表)。

	a	$+b$	$+c$
a	a^2	$+ab$	$+ca$
$+b$	$+ab$	$+b^2$	$+bc$
$+c$	$+ca$	$+bc$	$+c^2$

表の黄色で塗りつぶした単項式をつないで多項式にすると、

$$\begin{aligned} &a^2 + (+ab) + (+ca) + (+ab) + (+b^2) + (+bc) + (+ca) + (+bc) + (+c^2) \\ &= a^2 + ab + ca + ab + b^2 + bc + ca + bc + c^2 \\ &= a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2ab + 2bc + 2ca \end{aligned}$$

$(ax+b)(cx+d)=acx^2+(ad+bc)x+bd$ については

	ax	$+b$
cx	acx^2	$+bcx$
$+d$	$+adx$	$+bd$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore acx^2 + (+bcx) + (+adx) + (+bd) &= acx^2 + bcx + adx + bd \\ &= acx^2 + (ad+bc)x + bd\end{aligned}$$

$(a+b)^3 = a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3$ については

まず $(a+b)^3 = (a+b)(a+b)^2 = (a+b)(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)$ としてから、

	a	$+b$
a^2	a^3	$+a^2b$
$+2ab$	$+2a^2b$	$+2ab^2$
$+b^2$	$+ab^2$	$+b^3$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore a^3 + (+a^2b) + (+2a^2b) + (+2ab^2) + (+ab^2) + (+b^3) &= a^3 + a^2b + 2a^2b + 2ab^2 + ab^2 + b^3 \\ &= a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3\end{aligned}$$

$(a-b)^3 = a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3$ については

まず $(a-b)^3 = (a-b)(a-b)^2 = (a-b)(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)$ としてから、

	a	$-b$
a^2	a^3	$-a^2b$
$-2ab$	$-2a^2b$	$+2ab^2$
$+b^2$	$+ab^2$	$-b^3$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore a^3 + (-a^2b) + (-2a^2b) + (+2ab^2) + (+ab^2) + (-b^3) &= a^3 - a^2b - 2a^2b + 2ab^2 + ab^2 - b^3 \\ &= a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3\end{aligned}$$

15

(1)

$$\begin{aligned}(a+1)^3 &= a^3 + 3 \times a^2 \times 1 + 3 \times a \times 1^2 + 1^3 \\ &= a^3 + 3a^2 + 3a + 1\end{aligned}$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}(a+3b)^3 &= \{a + (3b)\}^3 \\ &= a^3 + 3 \times a^2 \times (3b) + 3 \times a \times (3b)^2 + (3b)^3 \\ &= a^3 + 9a^2b + 27ab^2 + 27b^3\end{aligned}$$

(3)

$$\begin{aligned}(2a-1)^3 &= \{(2a)-1\}^3 \\ &= (2a)^3 - 3 \times (2a)^2 \times 1 + 3 \times (2a) \times 1^2 - 1^3 \\ &= 8a^3 - 12a^2 + 6a - 1\end{aligned}$$

別解

$$\begin{aligned}(2a-1)^3 &= \{2a + (-1)\}^3 = (2a)^3 + 3 \times (2a)^2 \times (-1) + 3 \times (2a) \times (-1)^2 + (-1)^3 \\ &= 8a^3 - 12a^2 + 6a - 1\end{aligned}$$

(4)

$$\begin{aligned}(-3a+2b)^3 &= \{(-3a) + (2b)\}^3 \\ &= (-3a)^3 + 3 \times (-3a)^2 \times (2b) + 3 \times (-3a) \times (2b)^2 + (2b)^3 \\ &= -27a^3 + 54a^2b - 36ab^2 + 8b^3\end{aligned}$$

16

(1)

$$\begin{aligned}(a+5)(a^2-5a+25) &= (a+5)(a^2-5a+5^2) \\ &= a^3 + 5^3 \\ &= a^3 + 125\end{aligned}$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}(3-a)(9+3a+a^2) &= (3-a)(3^2+3a+a^2) \\ &= 3^3 - a^3 \\ &= 27 - a^3\end{aligned}$$

(3)

$$\begin{aligned}(2a+b)(4a^2-2ab+b^2) &= \{(2a)+b\}\{(2a)^2-(2a) \times b+b^2\} \\ &= (2a)^3 + b^3 \\ &= 8a^3 + b^3\end{aligned}$$

(4)

$$\begin{aligned}(3a-2b)(9a^2+6ab+4b^2) &= \{(3a)-(2b)\}\{(3a)^2+(3a) \times (2b)+(2b)^2\} \\ &= (3a)^3 - (2b)^3 \\ &= 27a^3 - 8b^3\end{aligned}$$

17

(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 (3a-2)^3 &= \{(3a)-2\}^3 \\
 &= (3a)^3 - 3 \times (3a)^2 \times 2 + 3 \times (3a) \times 2^2 - 2^3 \\
 &= 27a^3 - 54a^2 + 36a - 8
 \end{aligned}$$

別解

$$\begin{aligned}
 (3a-2)^3 &= \{(3a)+(-2)\}^3 \\
 &= (3a)^3 + 3 \times (3a)^2 \times (-2) + 3 \times (3a) \times (-2)^2 + (-2)^3 \\
 &= 27a^3 - 54a^2 + 36a - 8
 \end{aligned}$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 (3a-4b)(9a^2+12ab+16b^2) &= \{(3a)-(4b)\} \{(3a)^2 + (3a) \times (4b) + (4b)^2\} \\
 &= (3a)^3 - (4b)^3 \\
 &= 27a^3 - 64b^3
 \end{aligned}$$

(3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 (2x-y)^3(2x+y)^3 &= \{(2x)-y\}^3 \{(2x)+y\}^3 \\
 &= [\{(2x)-y\} \{(2x)+y\}]^3 \\
 &= \{(2x)^2 - y^2\}^3 \\
 &= (4x^2 - y^2)^3 \\
 &= \{(4x^2) + (-y^2)\}^3 \\
 &= (4x^2)^3 + 3 \times (4x^2)^2 \times (-y^2) + 3 \times (4x^2) \times (-y^2)^2 + (-y^2)^3 \\
 &= 4^3(x^2)^3 + 3 \times 4^2(x^2)^2 \times (-y^2) + 3 \times (4x^2) \times (-1)^2(y^2)^2 + (-1)^3(y^2)^3 \\
 &= 64x^6 - 48x^4y^2 + 12x^2y^4 - y^6
 \end{aligned}$$

18

ある整式を A とおくと、条件より $A + (3x^2 - xy + 2y^2) = 2x^2 + xy - y^2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore A &= 2x^2 + xy - y^2 - (3x^2 - xy + 2y^2) \\
 &= 2x^2 + xy - y^2 - 3x^2 + xy - 2y^2 \\
 &= -x^2 + 2xy - 3y^2
 \end{aligned}$$

よって、正しい答えは、

$$\begin{aligned}
 A - (3x^2 - xy + 2y^2) &= -x^2 + 2xy - 3y^2 - 3x^2 + xy - 2y^2 \\
 &= -4x^2 + 3xy - 5y^2
 \end{aligned}$$

別解

$$\begin{aligned}
 A - (3x^2 - xy + 2y^2) &= \{A + (3x^2 - xy + 2y^2)\} - (3x^2 - xy + 2y^2) - (3x^2 - xy + 2y^2) \\
 &= \{A + (3x^2 - xy + 2y^2)\} - 2(3x^2 - xy + 2y^2) \\
 &= 2x^2 + xy - y^2 - 6x^2 + 2xy - 4y^2 \\
 &= -4x^2 + 3xy - 5y^2
 \end{aligned}$$

19**(1)**

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{与式} &= \{(x-1)(x+1)\}\{(x-3)(x+3)\} \\
 &= (x^2-1)(x^2-9) \\
 &= x^4-10x^2+9
 \end{aligned}$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{与式} &= \{(x+2)(x-1)\}\{(x+5)(x-4)\} \\
 &= \{(x^2+x)-2\}\{(x^2+x)-20\} \\
 &= (x^2+x)^2-22(x^2+x)+40 \\
 &= x^4+2x^3+x^2-22x^2-22x+40 \\
 &= x^4+2x^3-21x^2-22x+40
 \end{aligned}$$

(3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{与式} &= \{(a-b)(a+b)\}(a^2+b^2)(a^4+b^4) \\
 &= (a^2-b^2)(a^2+b^2)(a^4+b^4) \\
 &= \{(a^2-b^2)(a^2+b^2)\}(a^4+b^4) \\
 &= (a^4-b^4)(a^4+b^4) \\
 &= a^8-b^8
 \end{aligned}$$

(4)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{与式} &= \{(a+b)(a-b)(a^4+a^2b^2+b^4)\}^2 \\
 &= [\{(a+b)(a-b)\}(a^4+a^2b^2+b^4)]^2 \\
 &= \{(a^2-b^2)(a^4+a^2b^2+b^4)\}^2 \\
 &= \left[(a^2-b^2)\{(a^2)^2+a^2b^2+(b^2)^2\} \right]^2 \\
 &= \{(a^2)^3-(b^2)^3\}^2 \\
 &= (a^6-b^6)^2 \\
 &= (a^6)^2-2a^6b^6+(b^6)^2 \\
 &= a^{12}-2a^6b^6+b^{12}
 \end{aligned}$$

(5)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{与式} &= \{(a+b)+c\}^2 + \{(a+b)-c\}^2 + \{c-(a-b)\}^2 + \{c+(a-b)\}^2 \\
 &= \{(a+b)^2+2(a+b)c+c^2\} + \{(a+b)^2-2(a+b)c+c^2\} \\
 &\quad + \{c^2-2c(a-b)+(a-b)^2\} + \{c^2+2c(a-b)+(a-b)^2\} \\
 &= 2(a+b)^2+2(a-b)^2+4c^2 \\
 &= 2(a^2+2ab+b^2)+2(a^2-2ab+b^2)+4c^2 \\
 &= 4a^2+4b^2+4c^2
 \end{aligned}$$

(6)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{与式} &= \{(b+c)+a\}^2 - \{(b+c)-a\}^2 + \{(c-b)+a\}^2 - \{(c-b)-a\}^2 \\
 &= \{(b+c)^2 + 2(b+c)a + a^2\} - \{(b+c)^2 - 2(b+c)a + a^2\} \\
 &\quad + \{(c-b)^2 + 2(c-b)a + a^2\} - \{(c-b)^2 - 2(c-b)a + a^2\} \\
 &= 4(b+c)a + 4(c-b)a \\
 &= 4ba + 4ca + 4ca - 4ba \\
 &= 8ca
 \end{aligned}$$

20

a^3b^2 の係数は、下の同色の係数の積の和より、 $5 \times (-3) + (-3) \times 2 + 7 \times 3 = 0$

$5a^3$	$3a^2$
$-3a^2b$	$2ab$
$7ab^2$	$-3b^2$
$-2b^3$	

a^2b^3 の係数は、下の同色の係数の積の和より、 $-3 \times (-3) + 7 \times 2 + (-2) \times 3 = 17$

$5a^3$	$3a^2$
$-3a^2b$	$2ab$
$7ab^2$	$-3b^2$
$-2b^3$	

21

(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{与式} &= (x^2 + y^2) + xy \{ (x^2 + y^2) - xy \} (x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4) \\
 &= (x^2 + y^2)^2 - x^2y^2 (x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4) \\
 &= (x^4 + 2x^2y^2 + y^4) - x^2y^2 (x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4) \\
 &= (x^4 + y^4) + x^2y^2 \{ (x^4 + y^4 - x^2y^2) \} \\
 &= (x^4 + y^4)^2 - (x^2y^2)^2 \\
 &= x^8 + 2x^4y^4 + y^8 - x^4y^4 \\
 &= x^8 + x^4y^4 + y^8
 \end{aligned}$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{与式} &= \{(x+y)+1\}\{(x+y)-1\}\{(x-y)+1\}\{(x-y)-1\} \\
&= \{(x+y)^2-1\}\{(x-y)^2-1\} \\
&= (x+y)^2(x-y)^2 - (x+y)^2 - (x-y)^2 + 1 \\
&= \{(x+y)(x-y)\}^2 - (x^2+2xy+y^2) - (x^2-2xy+y^2) + 1 \\
&= (x^2-y^2)^2 - 2x^2 - 2y^2 + 1 \\
&= x^4 - 2x^2y^2 + y^4 - 2x^2 - 2y^2 + 1
\end{aligned}$$

22

(1)

3 種のアルファベット順は abc ,2 種のアルファベット順は ab, bc, ca とすると決めてから展開する。

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{与式} &= a(a^2+b^2+c^2-ab-bc-ca) + b(a^2+b^2+c^2-ab-bc-ca) \\
&\quad + c(a^2+b^2+c^2-ab-bc-ca) \\
&= (a^3+ab^2+c^2a-a^2b-abc-ca^2) + (a^2b+b^3+bc^2-ab^2-b^2c-abc) \\
&\quad + (ca^2+b^2c-abc-bc^2-c^2a) \\
&= a^3+b^3+c^3-3abc
\end{aligned}$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{与式} &= (x+y-1)(x^2+y^2+1-xy+y+x) \\
&= \{x+y+(-1)\}\{x^2+y^2+(-1)^2-xy-y\cdot(-1)-(-1)\cdot x\} \\
&= x^3+y^3+(-1)^3-3xy\cdot(-1) \\
&= x^3+y^3-1+3xy \\
&= x^3+y^3+3xy-1
\end{aligned}$$

補足

(1)の a を x , b を y , c を -1 に置き換えた形になる。